



SNOBABY

BABY CORN: FRESH MARKET & PROCESSING



Snobaby: is a prolific Baby Corn with clean white ears on multi cobbing stems.

- **Field Performance:** Main season. Excellent vigor. High yield of uniform ears on a strong plant. Wide harvest window suits multi picking.
- **Packing and Shipping Performance;** Suitable for tray packs, freezing and canning. Excellent white colour with long cylindrical ears. Medium loose husk unwraps easily.
- **Management Points:** High yield with good multi cobbing ability. Responds well to good agronomic management. Good stalk strength. Wide harvest window.
- **Maturity Slot:** Can be planted throughout the season. Widely adaptable.

Detasseling (removal of “male” tassels of the plants by pulling or cutting them off).
 This is best done before flowering. It speeds up harvest and gives better cob development. It will increase the number of cobs and quality and prevent seed growth causing excessive cob size. Labour for detasseling is not much when compared with labour for harvesting.

Harvest:
 This needs to take place before the silks appear. The appearance of silks will lead to pollination of that cob and stop production of extra cobs and result in a lower yield per plant. Cob quality drops quickly after pollination. When the cob husk extends approximately 2.5cm (1 inch) past the junction of the leaf and the plant stem, the cob inside will be 2.5 cm - 4cm (1 - 1.5 inches) long. When the silks appear the baby cob will be approximately 7cm - 9 cm (2.5 - 3.5 inches) long. Careful harvesting of the cobs when they reach the required size will force the plant to keep producing more cobs. Harvest should take place every one to two days. Frequency will depend on the speed of cob development. Trials have shown up to 5-7 baby cobs can be harvested from 1 Snobaby plant when the plant is well grown and the cobs harvested before silking.

Plant Characteristics								Disease Resistance						Herbicide Tolerance				
Days to Relative Maturity	Cob Length (cm)	Cob Length (inches)	Cob Width (cm)	Cob Width (inches)	Row Number	Plant Height (Low, Medium, Tall)	Cob Height (Low, Medium, Tall)	Rust Common (Ps) avir(+D)	Rust Common (Ps) D-vir	Rust Common (Ps) G-vir(+D)	Rust Common (Ps) Northern Corn Leaf Blight = NCLB (Eh)	Stewarts Wilt (Psi)	Maize Dwarf Mo-saic Virus (MDMV)	Southern Leaf Blight	Gosses Wilt	Reaction to Callisto (mesotrione)	Reaction to Accent (nicosulphuron)	Reaction to Laudis (tembotrione)
80	5-7	2.45	1.2	0.5	16	M	M	IR	IR	IR	IR	SU	SU	*	*	*	*	*

For full variety data comparisons and complete disease information refer to the HSR head office

HR: High/Standard Resistance IR: Moderate/ Intermediate Resistance SU: Susceptibility * means we have insufficient data

Contact your distributor for more information. Not all varieties are available in all countries

The information contained herein is intended as a guide only. Data is based on averages collected from around the world and are indicative only. Varieties should always be trialed in the area they are proposed to be grown. Varietal performance is influenced by many variables, including soil and climatic conditions, cultural and management practices. No liability will be accepted by HSR Seeds or its representatives for the accuracy of this information.



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